52

## Claims

A polymer comprising a repeating unit of the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
 & Ar^3 \\
\hline
 & N, N \\
\hline
 & N, N \\
\hline
 & N, N \\
\hline
 & Ar^2
\end{array}$$
(II),
$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
 & X^1 \\
\hline
 & Ar^3
\end{array}$$
(III), or
$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
 & X^2 \\
\hline
 & X^2 \\
\hline
 & X^2
\end{array}$$
(IV), wherein

x and y are independently of each other 0 or 1,

X<sup>1</sup> and X<sup>2</sup> are independently of each other a divalent linking group,
Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>2</sup>, Ar<sup>3</sup>, Ar<sup>4</sup>, Ar<sup>5</sup>, Ar<sup>5</sup>, Ar<sup>7</sup> and Ar<sup>8</sup> are independently of each other an aryl group, or
a heteroaryl group, which can optionally be substituted, especially a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>30</sub>aryl group,

or a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>26</sub>heteroaryl group, which can optionally be substituted.

2. A polymer according to claim 1, comprising a repeating unit of the formula

$$R^{1}$$
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 

wherein Ar2 is as defined in claim 1,

R¹ and R² are independently of each other H, halogen,  $SO_3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ perfluoroalkyl,  $C_8$ - $C_{24}$ aryl,  $C_8$ - $C_{24}$ aryl which is substituted by G,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl which is substituted by G,  $C_2$ - $C_{18}$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D,  $C_7$ - $C_{25}$ aralkyl, or -CO- $R^{26}$ ,

or two substituents R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup>, which are adjacent to each other, are a group

10 D is -CO-; -COO-; -S-; -SO-; -SO<sub>2</sub>-; -O-; -NR<sup>25</sup>-; -SiR<sup>30</sup>R<sup>31</sup>-; -POR<sup>32</sup>-; -CR<sup>23</sup>=CR<sup>24</sup>-; or -C=C-; and

E is -OR $^{29}$ ; -SR $^{29}$ ; -NR $^{25}$ R $^{28}$ ; -COR $^{28}$ ; -COR $^{27}$ ; -CONR $^{25}$ R $^{26}$ ; -CN; -OCOOR $^{27}$ ; or halogen; G is E, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, wherein

R<sup>23</sup>, R<sup>24</sup>, R<sup>25</sup> and R<sup>26</sup> are independently of each other H; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl which is substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl which is interrupted by -O-; or

(ld),

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}^{\ensuremath{\mathsf{25}}}$  and  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}^{\ensuremath{\mathsf{26}}}$  together form a five or six membered ring, in particular

R<sup>27</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are independently of each other H; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl which is substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl which is interrupted by –O-,

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 $R^{29}$  is H; C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl; C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl, which is substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl which is interrupted by -O-,  $R^{30}$  and  $R^{31}$  are independently of each other  $C_1\text{-}C_{18}\text{alkyl},\,C_8\text{-}C_{18}\text{aryl},\,\text{or}\,\,C_6\text{-}C_{18}\text{aryl},$ 

which is substituted by C1-C18alkyl, and  $R^{32}$  is  $C_1\text{-}C_{18}\text{alkyl},\,C_6\text{-}C_{18}\text{aryl},\,\text{or}\,\,C_6\text{-}C_{18}\text{aryl},\,\text{which is substituted by}\,\,C_1\text{-}C_{18}\text{alkyl}.$ 

3.

A polymer according to claim 1, comprising a repeating unit of the formula

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 $R^{1}$  and  $R^{2}$  are independently of each other H, halogen, SO3 , C1-C18alkyl, C1-C18alkyl  $\,$ which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ perfluoroalkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{24}$ aryl,  $C_6$ - $C_{24} \\ \text{aryl}$  which is substituted by G,  $C_2 \\ - C_{20} \\ \text{heteroaryl}$  ,  $C_2 \\ - C_{20} \\ \text{heteroaryl}$  which is substituted by G,  $C_2$ - $C_{18}$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{18}$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D, C7-C25aralkyl, or -CO-R28,

or two substituents R1 and R2, which are adjacent to each other, are a group

D is -CO-; -COO-; -S-; -SO-; -SO<sub>2</sub>; -O-; -NR<sup>25</sup>-; -SiR<sup>30</sup>R<sup>31</sup>-; -POR<sup>32</sup>-; -CR<sup>23</sup>=CR<sup>24</sup>-; or -C=C-; and

E is -OR<sup>29</sup>; -SR<sup>29</sup>; -NR<sup>25</sup>R<sup>26</sup>; -COR<sup>28</sup>; -COR<sup>27</sup>; -CONR<sup>25</sup>R<sup>26</sup>; -CN; -OCOOR<sup>27</sup>; or halogen; G is E, or  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl, wherein

R<sup>23</sup>, R<sup>24</sup>, R<sup>25</sup> and R<sup>26</sup> are independently of each other H; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl which is substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl which is interrupted by -O-; or

, wherein

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}^{26}$  and  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}^{26}$  together form a five or six membered ring, in particular

10 R<sup>27</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are independently of each other H; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl which is substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl which is interrupted by -O-,

 $R^{29}$  is H;  $C_6$ - $C_{18}$ aryl;  $C_6$ - $C_{18}$ aryl, which is substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl, or  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is interrupted by  $-C_7$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is interrupted by  $-C_7$ - $C_8$ 

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently of each other C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl, or C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl, which is substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, and R<sup>32</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl, or C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl, which is substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl.

4. A polymer according to claim 3, wherein Ar4 is a group of formula

p is an integer from 1 to 10, especially 1, 2 or 3,

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q is an integer from 1 to 10, especially 1, 2 or 3, r is an integer of 0 to 10, in particular 0, 1, 2 or 3,

 $R^3$  to  $R^8$  are independently of each other H, halogen,  $SO_3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D,  $C_6$ - $C_{24}$ aryl,  $C_6$ - $C_{24}$ aryl which is substituted by G,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl which is substituted by G,  $C_2$ - $C_{18}$ alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D,  $C_7$ - $C_{25}$ aralkyl, or - $C_9$ - $C_{25}$ 

two substituents R³ to R8, which are adjacent to each other, are a group

10 R<sup>14\*</sup> and R<sup>15\*</sup> are independently of each other H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D, C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>24</sub>aryl, C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>24</sub>aryl which is substituted by G, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>heteroaryl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>heteroaryl which is substituted by G,

 $R^{16}$  is  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D,  $C_{6}$ - $C_{24}$ aryl, which optionally can be substituted, wherein

D is -CO-; -COO-; -S-; -SO-; -SO₂-; -O-; -NR²⁵-; -SiR³⁰R³¹-; -POR³²-; -CR²³=CR²⁴-; or - C≡C-; and

E is -OR<sup>29</sup>; -SR<sup>29</sup>; -NR<sup>25</sup>R<sup>28</sup>; -COR<sup>28</sup>; -COR<sup>27</sup>; -CONR<sup>25</sup>R<sup>28</sup>; -CN; -OCOOR<sup>27</sup>; or halogen; G is E, or  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl, wherein

R<sup>23</sup>, R<sup>24</sup>, R<sup>25</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are independently of each other H; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl which is substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl which is interrupted by -O-; or

R<sup>25</sup> and R<sup>26</sup> together form a five or six membered ring, in particular

$$\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$$
 $\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$  $\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$  $\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$ 

 $R^{27}$  and  $R^{28}$  are independently of each other H;  $C_6$ - $C_{18}$ aryl;  $C_8$ - $C_{18}$ aryl which is substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl, or  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy;  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl; or  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is interrupted by  $-O_7$ ,

 $R^{29}$  is H; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl, which is substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl which is interrupted by –O-,

 $R^{90}$  and  $R^{91}$  are independently of each other  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{18}$ aryl, or  $C_6$ - $C_{18}$ aryl, which is substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl, and

- 5  $R^{32}$  is  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{18}$ aryl, or  $C_6$ - $C_{18}$ aryl, which is substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl.
  - A polymer according to any of claims 1 to 4, comprising an additional repeating unit T which is selected from the group consisting of

10

p is an integer from 1 to 10, especially 1, 2 or 3,

q is an integer from 1 to 10, especially 1, 2 or 3,

s is an integer from 1 to 10, especially 1, 2 or 3,

 $R^{14}$  and  $R^{15}$  are independently of each other H,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D,  $C_6$ - $C_{24}$ aryl,  $C_6$ - $C_{24}$ aryl which is substituted by G, or  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl which is substituted by G,

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 $R^{16}$  and  $R^{17}$  are independently of each other H,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D,  $C_6$ - $C_{24}$ aryl,  $C_6$ - $C_{24}$ aryl which is substituted by G,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl, or  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl which is substituted by G,  $C_2$ - $C_{18}$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D,  $C_7$ - $C_{25}$ aralkyl, or - $C_9$ - $C_{28}$ .

 $R^{18}$  is H;  $C_{6}$ - $C_{18}$ aryl;  $C_{6}$ - $C_{18}$ aryl which is substituted by  $C_{1}$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl, or  $C_{1}$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl; which is interrupted by -O-;

 $R^{19}$  and  $R^{20}$  are independently of each other  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D,  $C_6$ - $C_{24}$ aryl,  $C_6$ - $C_{24}$ aryl which is substituted by G,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl which is substituted by G,  $C_2$ - $C_{18}$ alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy,  $C_4$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D, or  $C_7$ - $C_{25}$ aralkyl, or

 $R^{19}$  and  $R^{20}$  together form a group of formula = $CR^{100}R^{101}$ , wherein  $R^{100}$  and  $R^{101}$  are independently of each other H,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D,  $C_6$ - $C_{24}$ aryl,  $C_6$ - $C_{24}$ aryl which is substituted by G,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl, or  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl which is substituted by G, or  $R^{19}$  and  $R^{20}$  form a ring, especially a five- or six-membered ring, which can optionally be substituted, and

D, E and G are as defined in claim 2.

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6. A polymer according to claim 5, wherein T is selected from the group consisting of

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 $R^{18}$  is  $C_1\text{--}C_{18}\text{alkyl}\text{, and}$ 

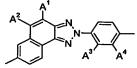
 $R^{19}$  and  $R^{20}$  are independently of each other  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl, especially  $C_4$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl, which can be interrupted by one or two oxygen atoms, or

 $R^{19}$  and  $R^{20}$  form a five or six membered carbocyclic ring, which optionally can be substituted by  $C_1\text{-}C_4\text{alkyl}.$ 

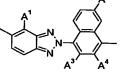
7. A polymer according to any of claims 1 to 6, comprising a repeating unit of the formula

$$A^{1} = A^{1} = A^{1} = A^{2} = A^{3} = A^{4}$$

$$A^{1} = A^{1} = A^{2} = A^{3} = A^{4} = A^{5} = A^{5$$



A<sup>3</sup> N. A<sup>3</sup> A<sup>4</sup>



and/or

, and a repeating unit T in an amount of 0 to 99.5 mol%,

especially in an amount of 40 to 80 mol%, wherein the sum of the repeating unit(s) and the co-monomer is 100 mol%, wherein

A1 is hydrogen, or C1-C18alkyl,

A2 is hydrogen, or C1-C18alkyl,

A<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkoxy, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl,

A4 is hydrogen, or C1-C18alkyl,

 $A^5$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl, di( $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl)amino, or  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy,

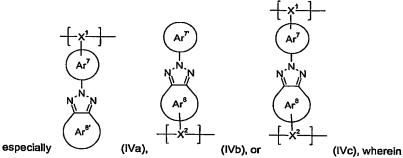
5 A<sup>6</sup> is hydrogen, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl,

 $\text{A}^{7}\text{is}$  hydrogen,  $\text{C}_{1}\text{-}\text{C}_{18}\text{alkyl}$  or  $\text{C}_{1}\text{-}\text{C}_{18}\text{alkoxy,}$  and

T is a group of formula 
$$R^{16}$$
,  $R^{16}$ ,  $R^{17}$ ,  $R^{17}$ ,  $R^{17}$ , or  $R^{19}$ ,  $R^{20}$ , wherein s is one or two, or  $R^{19}$ ,  $R^{20}$ , wherein

s is one or two.

- 10 R<sup>18</sup> and R<sup>17</sup> are independently of each other C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, especially C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>alkyl, especially hexyl, heptyl, 2-ethylhexyl, and octyl, which can be interrupted by one or two oxygen atoms, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkoxy, especially C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>alkoxy, especially hexyloxy, heptyloxy, 2-ethylhexyloxy, and octyloxy, which can be interrupted by one or two oxygen atoms and R<sup>19</sup> and R<sup>20</sup> are independently of each other C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, especially C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>alkyl, especially hexyl, heptyl, 2-ethylhexyl, and octyl, which can be interrupted by one or two oxygen atoms.
  - 8. A polymer according to claim 1, comprising a repeating unit of the formula IV,



Ar<sup>7</sup>, Ar<sup>8</sup> and Ar<sup>8</sup> are independently of each other a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>30</sub>aryl group, or a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>30</sub>heteroaryl group, which can optionally be substituted,

 $X^1$  and  $X^2$  are independently of each other a group of the formula

$$R^{60}$$
  $R^{58}$   $R^{58}$  , or  $R^{58}$  ; especially  $R^{67}$   $R^{69}$   $R$ 

the dotted line represent the bond to the benzotriazole unit,

- R<sup>58</sup> and R<sup>57</sup> are independently of each other H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>24</sub>aryl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>24</sub>aryl which is substituted by G, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>heteroaryl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>heteroaryl which is substituted by G, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkoxy which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D, or C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>25</sub>aralkyl,
- 10  $R^{58}$  is H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>24</sub>aryl, or C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>25</sub>aralkyl,

 $R^{59}$  and  $R^{50}$  are independently of each other H,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D,  $C_6$ - $C_{24}$ aryl,  $C_6$ - $C_{24}$ aryl which is substituted by G,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl,  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ heteroaryl which is substituted by G,  $C_2$ - $C_{18}$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ -

15 C<sub>18</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkoxy which is substituted by E and/or interrupted by D, or C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>25</sub>aralkyl, or

 $R^{59}$  and  $R^{60}$  form a ring, especially a five- or six-membered ring, which can optionally be substituted,

 $R^{71}$  is H,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl, -C $\equiv$ N, -CONR $^{25}$ R $^{28}$  or -COOR $^{27}$ ,

20 D is -CO-; -COO-; -OCOO-; -S-; -SO-; -SO<sub>2</sub>-; -O-; -NR<sup>25</sup>-; -SiR<sup>30</sup>R<sup>31</sup>-; -POR<sup>32</sup>-; -CR<sup>23</sup>=CR<sup>24</sup>-; or -C $\equiv$ C-; and E is -OR<sup>29</sup>; -SR<sup>29</sup>; -NR<sup>25</sup>R<sup>28</sup>; -COR<sup>28</sup>; -COR<sup>27</sup>; -CONR<sup>25</sup>R<sup>26</sup>; -CN; -OCOOR<sup>27</sup>; or halogen; G is E, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, wherein

 $R^{23}$ ,  $R^{24}$ ,  $R^{25}$  and  $R^{26}$  are independently of each other H;  $C_6$ - $C_{18}$ aryl;  $C_6$ - $C_{18}$ aryl which is substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy;  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl; or  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is interrupted by -O-; or

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 $\ensuremath{\text{R}^{\text{25}}}$  and  $\ensuremath{\text{R}^{\text{26}}}$  together form a five or six membered ring, in particular

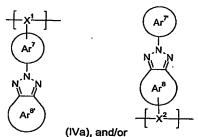
$$\stackrel{\circ}{\bigvee}$$
  $\stackrel{\circ}{\bigvee}$   $\stackrel{\circ}{\bigvee}$ 

 $R^{27}$  and  $R^{28}$  are independently of each other H; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl; C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl which is substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, or  $_1$ -C<sub>18</sub>alkoxy; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl which is interrupted by –O-, and

 $R^{29}$  is H;  $C_6$ - $C_{18}$ aryl;  $C_6$ - $C_{18}$ aryl which is substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl; or  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl which is interrupted by -O-,

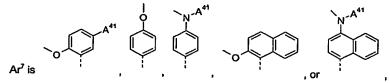
 $R^{30}$  and  $R^{31}$  are independently of each other  $C_1\text{-}C_{18}$  alkyl,  $C_6\text{-}C_{18}$  aryl, which is substituted by  $C_1\text{-}C_{18}$  alkyl, and

- 10  $R^{32}$  is  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{18}$ aryl, or  $C_6$ - $C_{18}$ aryl, which is substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl.
  - 9. A polymer according to claim 8, comprising a repeating unit of the formula



(IVb), and a repeating unit T in an amount of 0

to 99.5 mol%, especially in an amount of 40 to 80 mol%, wherein the sum of the repeating unit(s) and the co-monomer is 100 mol%, wherein



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wherein the dotted line is the bond to the nitrogen atom of the benzotriazole unit,

wherein the dotted lines are the bonds to the nitrogen atoms of the benzotriazole unit,  $A^{41}$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkoxy, or  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl, such as methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, iso-propyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, t-butyl, 2-methylbutyl, n-pentyl, isopentyl, n-hexyl, 2-ethylhexyl, or n-heptyl,

A<sup>42</sup> is hydrogen, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>alkyl, such as methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, iso-propyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, t-butyl, 2-methylbutyl, n-pentyl, isopentyl, n-hexyl, 2-ethylhexyl, or n-heptyl,

 $A^{43}$  is hydrogen, or  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl, such as methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, iso-propyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, t-butyl, 2-methylbutyl, n-pentyl, isopentyl, n-hexyl, 2-ethylhexyl, or n-heptyl,

15 X<sup>1</sup> and X<sup>2</sup> are independently of each other a group of the formula

, wherein the dotted line represent the bond to the

benzotriazole unit,

R71 is H, C1-C18alkyl, -C≡N, or -COOR27, wherein

 $R^{27}$  is H; or  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl, which can be interrupted by one or more oxygen atoms, especially  $C_4$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl, which can be interrupted by one or two oxygen atoms, and

T is a group of formula

, wherein  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{59}}$  and  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{60}}$  are independently of

each other  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ alkyl, especially  $C_4$ - $C_{12}$ alkyl, which can be interrupted by one or two oxygen atoms.

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- An optical device or a component therefore, comprising a substrate and a polymer according to any of claims 1 to 9.
- An optical device according to claim 10, wherein the optical device comprises an
   electroluminescent device.
  - An optical device according to claim 11, wherein the electroluminescent device comprises
    - (a) a reflective or transmissive anode
- 15 (b) a reflective or transmissive cathode
  - (c) an emissive layer comprising a polymer according to any of claims 1 to 9 located between the electrodes, and optionally
  - (d) a charge injecting layer for injecting positive charge carriers, and
  - (e) a charge injecting layer for injecting negative charge carriers.

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13. A monomer of the formula

$$X^{11} \left[ \begin{array}{c} Ar^3 \\ N \\ N \end{array} \right] X^{11}$$

$$X^{11} \left[ \begin{array}{c} Ar^3 \\ Ar^4 \end{array} \right] X^{11}$$

$$X^{11} \left[ \begin{array}{c} Ar^4 \\ Ar^4 \end{array} \right] X^{11}$$

$$(Vi), \text{ or }$$

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$$X^{11} \underbrace{ \left( \begin{array}{c} X^{1} \\ X^{1} \end{array} \right)}_{N, N} X^{11}$$

$$X^{11} \underbrace{ \left( \begin{array}{c} Ar^{8} \\ Ar^{8} \end{array} \right)}_{N, N} X^{11} \underbrace{ \left( \begin{array}{c} X^{2} \\ Y \end{array} \right)}_{Y} X^{11}$$

$$(VIII), \text{ or } (VIII), \text{ wherein}$$

x and y are 0 or 1,

Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>2</sup>, Ar<sup>3</sup>, Ar<sup>4</sup>, Ar<sup>5</sup>, Ar<sup>6</sup>, Ar<sup>7</sup> and Ar<sup>8</sup> are independently of each other an aryl group, or a heteroaryl group, which optionally can be substituted, especially a  $C_8$ - $C_{30}$ aryl group, or a  $C_2$ - $C_{26}$ heteroaryl group, which can optionally be substituted, and  $X^{11}$  is independently in each occurrence a halogen atom, or -B(OH)<sub>2</sub>, -B(OY<sup>1</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or

, wherein Y¹ is independently in each occurrence a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ alkyl group and Y² is independently in each occurrence a  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$ alkylene group, such as –  $CY^3Y^4$ - $CY^5Y^6$ -, or  $-CY^7Y^6$ - $CY^9Y^{10}$ -  $CY^{11}Y^{12}$ -, wherein Y³, Y⁴, Y⁵, Y⁶, Y७, Y⁰, Y¹0, Y¹1 and Y¹² are independently of each other hydrogen, or a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ alkyl group, especially - $C(CH_3)_2C(CH_3)_2$ -, or - $C(CH_3)_2C(CH_3)_2$ -.